

# Number: Multiplication and Division



<p><b>Essential knowledge for a mathematician:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Knowledge of place value</li> <li>• Knowledge of calculation using all four operations</li> <li>• Knowledge of fractions and percentages</li> <li>• Knowledge of geometry (shape, space and measure)</li> <li>• Knowledge of statistics</li> <li>• Knowledge of ratio and proportion</li> <li>• Knowledge of algebra</li> </ul>	<p><b>Essential skills for a mathematician:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To problem solve</li> <li>• To reason about mathematical ideas and concepts</li> <li>• To make links and transfer skills across the mathematical curriculum, other areas of the curriculum and in real life</li> <li>• To be excited and inquisitive about maths</li> </ul>
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MULTIPLICATION & DIVISION FACTS					
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<i>count in multiples of twos, fives and tens</i> (copied from Number and Place Value)	<i>count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward or backward</i> (copied from Number and Place Value)	<i>count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100</i> (copied from Number and Place Value)	<i>count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1 000</i> (copied from Number and Place Value)	<i>count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000</i> (copied from Number and Place Value)	
	recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers	recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables	recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to $12 \times 12$		
MENTAL CALCULATION					
		write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods (appears also in Written Methods)	use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers	multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts	perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
	show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot		recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations (appears also in Properties of Numbers)	multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000	<i>associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction (e.g. <math>\frac{3}{8}</math>)</i> (copied from Fractions)

WRITTEN CALCULATION					
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication ( $\times$ ), division ( $\div$ ) and equals (=) signs	write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods	multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout	multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers	multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication
				divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context	divide numbers up to 4-digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate for the context divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context
					<i>use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places (copied from Fractions (including decimals))</i>
PROPERTIES OF NUMBERS: MULTIPLES, FACTORS, PRIMES, SQUARE AND CUBE NUMBERS					
			recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations (repeated)	identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers.  know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19	identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers  <i>use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination (copied from Fractions)</i>
				recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3)	<i>calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including centimeter cubed (cm<sup>3</sup>) and cubic metres (m<sup>3</sup>), and extending to other units such as mm<sup>3</sup> and km (copied from Measures)</i>

ORDER OF OPERATIONS					
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
					use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
INVERSE OPERATIONS, ESTIMATING AND CHECKING ANSWERS					
		<i>estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers</i> (copied from Addition and Subtraction)	<i>estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation</i> (copied from Addition and Subtraction)		use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy