Mexborough St John the Baptist C of E Primary School - Science

What should I already know?

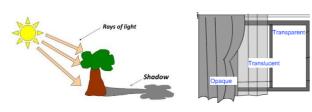
Topic: Light

Year: 3

Strand: Physics

Diagrams

How are **shadows** formed?



- When light is blocked by an opaque object, a dark shadow is formed. An opaque material blocks light so we can't see through it and shine a light through it.
- When light is shone onto a transparent object, the light travels through it, we can see through it and it makes a very faint shadow.
- When light is shone onto a transluscent object, some of the light travels through it, we can see bright light sources through it and it makes a fairly dark shadow.

• The size of a **shadow** changes as the **light source**

moves. The further away the **light source** is, the smaller the **shadow** is. The closer the **source** of the light, the bigger the shadow.



Vocabulary the direction from which you look at something angle a colour that is strong and noticeable, and bright not dark chemical a process that involves changes in the structure of something reactions the absence of light dark dim light that is not bright a form of energy that can be carried by wires and electricity is used for heating and lighting, and to provide power for machines emits to emit a sound or light means to produce it light a brightness that lets you see things. a flat piece of glass which reflects light, so that mirror when you lookat it you can see yourself reflected in it if an object or substance is **opaque**, you cannot opaque see through it product something that is produced reflects sent back from the **surface** and not pass through it a dark shape on a **surface** that is made when shadows something stands between a light and the surface source where something comes from glasses with dark lenses which you wear to prosunglasses tect your eyes from bright sunlight surface the flat top part of it or the outside of it a small electric light which is powered by batteries torches and which you can carry if a material is **translucent**, some **light** can pass translucent through it If an object or substance is transparent, you can transparent see through it

	what should I already know?
Some th	ings produce light , such as lamps or candles.
	What will I know by the end of the unit?
What is a light source?	 A light source is something that emits light by burning, electricity or chemical reactions. Burning light sources include the Sun, flames from a fire and stars. We must never look directly at the Sun as the light produced is very bright and can be harmful to our eyes. This is why we wear sunglasses. Electric lights include lamps, car headlights and street light. Lights that are caused by chemical reactions are much less common. This happens when different chemicals react and light is a product of that reaction. Examples can include glow sticks and fire flies.
Why do we need light?	 We need light so that we are able to see in the dark. This is because the dark is the absence of light. The Sun and stars always give us light but we can only see the stars when it is dark. At night time we cannot see the Sun's light as the Earth turns and our part of the Earth is not lit up by the Sun at night. When we are driving, we need car headlights or street lights to help us. If we are walking or out in the dark, we would need torches to help us see. You should look directly into the torch as this is dangerou.
What are not sources of light?	 The Moon is not a source of light even though we can see it in the dark. This is because the Sun's light reflects on the surface of the Moon making it appear as though the Moon emits light. Shiny things are not light sources - they appear to be sources of light as they are bright.
How does light travel?	 Light travels in straight lines. When light is blocked by an opaque object, a dark shadow is formed.
	Investigate!
• The brig	htness of torches - can you put torches in order from

- The brightness of torches can you put torches in order from brightest to dimmest? What would make it a fair test?
- Why do lights seem brighter in the dark?
- Explore which objects form shadows when light is shone on them.
- How can you change the size and shape of **shadows** by using the same object?
- What happens when light is **reflected** from different **surfaces**? What happens when light is **reflected** from a **mirror**? What happens when the **angle** of the **mirror** (or light **source** changes?)

Topic: Light	Year: 3		Strand: Physics			
Question 1: How does light travel?	Start of unit:	End of unit:	Question 6: Shadows are formed when		Start of unit:	End of unit:
In a straight line			light is let through an object			
In a curvy line			light reflects off an object			
Light is everywhere			it is dark			
Light does not travel			light cannot tra an object	vel through		
	Start of	End of			Start of	End of
Question 2: Dark means	unit:	unit:	Question 7: Mirrors work by		unit:	unit:
when there is a little bit of light so you can see			letting light thro them	ough that hits		
the absence of light			absorbing light that hits			
you have to eat carrots so			them			
you can see			reflecting light t	that hits them		
Question 3: When light	Start of	End of	Question 8: The		Start of	End of
bounces off a surface, it is	unit:	unit:	shadow becom		unit:	unit:
absorbed			when the object the light source			
dissolved			when the object the light source			
reflected			the distance be			
bounced			light source and the object			
			stays the same			
Question 4: Sources of light	Start of				<u>.</u>	
include(tick three) the sun	unit:	unit:	Question 9: How do we see an object?		Start of unit:	End of unit:
the moon			Light reflects of and enters our	-		
			Light travels fro			
street lights			and reflects off			
torches			Light reflects of and enters the	•		
		_		-		En
Question 5: Looking directly	Start of	of End of Cuestion 10: Match			to Star un	
at the Sun is	unit:	unit:		····		un un
safe			translucent	you cannot see through it and a d		
dangerous				shadow is forme	ed	
ok if there are clouds				you can see a litt light through it ar		
ok if the sun is rising or setting			transparent	fairly dark shadov formed		
				you can see throug		
			opaque	completely and a f	aint	